

Bash 101

Intro to Shell Scripting; Lightning

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bashcookbook.com

http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/bash_101_lightning.pdf
http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/bash_101_lightning.odp

What is a “shell script?”

- Fundamentally just a list of commands to run
 - May use arguments, variables, various control logic and arithmetic to figure out what to run when
 - bash is integer only, other shells may not be
- Plain text file
- Used on CLI only
- Builds on:
 - The “Unix” tool philosophy
 - The “Unix” everything-is-a-file philosophy

Why should I care?

- You can write new commands!
 - Save time & effort and make life easier
 - E.g., if you always type in four commands to accomplish some task, type them once into an editor, add a “shebang” line and comments, save and set execute permissions. You now have a shell script!
- Automation
 - cron
- Consistency & Reliability
- (Process) Documentation
- One-liners

How do I get started?

- Fire up an editor
 - `#!/bin/bash -`
`echo 'Hello world, my first shell script!'`
 - `chmod +r script`
- `bash 'help'` command!
 - `'help set'` vs. `'man set'`
- basic operation is invocation = you run stuff
- Most of a Linux system is run by shell scripts. They are everywhere, find some and read them.
 - Everything in `/etc/init.d/`
 - `for i in /bin/*; do file $i | grep -q 'shell script' && echo $i; done`
You will be surprised!

Positional Parameters

- “Main” script:
 \$0 \$1 \$2 \$3
myscript foo bar baz
- \$# = number of parms
- \$* = “\$1 \$2 \$3” # a single string of all parms, separated by first character of \$IFS (Internal Field Separator)
- “\$@” = “\$1” “\$2” .. “\$N” # For re-use later
- Reset inside a function
 - \$1 = first arg to function, not script
 - But use \$FUNCNAME instead of \$0

Quotes

- The shell re-writes the line
- White space is a delimiter!
- Quoting
 - Use ' ' unless you are interpolating \$variables, then use " "
 - `echo 'foo'`
 - `echo "$foo"`
 - `grep 'foo' /path/to/file`
 - `grep "$regex" /path/to/file`
- Except when it's not. Can make your head hurt.

Variables

- USE GOOD NAMES!!!
- No \$ or spaces around = when assigning:
foo='bar'
foo="bar\$baz"
- \$ when referencing value:
echo "\$foo"
- Append:
foo="\$foo bar"
- Needs \${} if variable followed by [a-zA-Z_0-9]
foo="foo \$bar baz" # OK
foo="foo\${bar}baz" # \$bar needs {}

debugging

- DO NOT CALL YOUR TEST SCRIPT 'test'!
- PS4='+xtrace \$LINENO: '
 - First character is duplicated to show nesting level, that's why I have '+' there
 - \$LINENO should be in the default PS4 prompt!
- `bash -n path/to/script # gross syntax check`
- `bash -x path/to/script # run-time debugging`
- `set -x & set +x # debug on / off`
- `set -v & set +v # verbose on / off`

URLs, Wrap-up and Q&A

- URLs:
 - TONS of resources: <http://www.bashcookbook.com/bashinfo/>
 - These slides: http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/bash_101_lightning.pdf
or http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/bash_101_lightning.odp
 - Bash vs. Dash: http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/2008-JP_bash_vs_dash.pdf and
aptitude install devscripts then use *checkbashisms*
 - The sample script: <http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/cdburn>
 - STDIN, STDOUT, STDERR: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Standard_streams
 - Revision Control: http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/Revision_Control_for_the_Rest_of_Us.pdf
and (older) http://www.jpsdomain.org/public/PANTUG_2007-06-13_appd=Revision_Control=JP.pdf
 - Windows Shell Scripting (cmd.exe): <http://www.jpsdomain.org/windows/winshell.html>
 - BASH Prompt HOWTO: <http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/Bash-Prompt-HOWTO/index.html>
 - Cygwin: <http://www.cygwin.com/>
 - UnxUtils: <http://unxutils.sourceforge.net/>
 - GNU Win32 ports: <http://sourceforge.net/projects/gnuwin32/>
 - Win32 Perl <http://www.activestate.com/solutions/perl/>
 - Mac; this is awesome http://examples.oreilly.com/0636920032731/Terminal_Crash_Course.pdf
- Questions?
- I'm on the PLUG list... jp@jpsdomain.org